

IN THE CLAIMS

Please amend the claims as follows, substituting any amended claim(s) for the corresponding pending claim(s):

- 1 1. (Original) A multistage bit stream multiplexer having a switchable forward/reverse clock  
2 relationship comprising:  
3 a first multiplexing integrated circuit that receives a first plurality of bit streams at a first bit rate  
4 and that produces a second plurality of bit streams at a second bit rate, wherein the first plurality of bit  
5 streams are greater in number than the second plurality of bit streams are in number, and wherein the first  
6 bit rate is less than the second bit rate;  
7 a second multiplexing integrated circuit that receives the second plurality of bit streams and that  
8 outputs at least one high-speed bit stream at a line bit rate that exceeds the second bit rate; and  
9 a clock circuit, wherein the clock circuit generates a forward transmit clock for use by the first  
10 multiplexing integrated circuit in producing the second plurality of bit streams based upon a reference  
11 clock signal selectable from a plurality of inputs, wherein the inputs include a reverse transmit clock  
12 generated by the second multiplexing integrated circuit.
- 1 2. (Original) The multistage bit stream multiplexer of claim 1, further comprising:  
2 a communication Application Specific Integrated Circuit (ASIC) from which the first  
3 multiplexing integrated circuit receives the first plurality of bit streams; and  
4 a media interface that receives the at least one high-speed bit stream and produces a media output.
- 1 3. (Original) The multistage bit stream multiplexer of claim 1, wherein the plurality of inputs further  
2 comprises an external oscillator output.
- 1 4. (Original) The multistage bit stream multiplexer of claim 1, wherein the plurality of inputs further  
2 comprises a voltage controlled oscillator output.
- 1 5. (Original) The multistage bit stream multiplexer of claim 1, wherein the reference clock signal is  
2 selected based upon a clock selector input.

6. (Original) The multistage bit stream multiplexer of claim 5, wherein the first multiplexing integrated circuit further comprises a phase locked loop (PLL) that receives the reference clock signal and produces a PLL Data Clock having a frequency equal to the second bit rate, and wherein a plurality of latches receive the PLL Data Clock, latch data multiplexed from the first plurality of bit streams and produce the second plurality of bit streams.

7. (Original) The multistage bit stream multiplexer of claim 6, wherein the frequency of the PLL Data Clock is 16 times the frequency of the reference clock

8. (Original) The multistage bit stream multiplexer of claim 7, further comprising a division circuit that receives the PLL Data Clock and generates an output used to produce the forward transmit clock.

9. (Original) The multistage bit stream multiplexer of claim 1, wherein the forward transmit clock is a source centered double data rate clock with respect to each of the plurality of second bit streams.

10. (Previously Presented) The multistage bit stream multiplexer of claim 6, wherein the PLL outputs to the second multiplexing integrated circuit, a lock detect signal that remains active while the PLL is locked to the reference clock signal and becomes inactive when the PLL is not locked to the reference clock signal, and wherein the first multiplexing integrated circuit selects the reverse clock through the clock selector input when the PLL is not locked to the reference clock signal.

11. (Original) The multistage bit stream multiplexer of claim 1, wherein the first multiplexing integrated circuit generates the reverse clock based on an external oscillator reference clock.

12. (Previously Presented) The multistage bit stream multiplexer of claim 4, wherein the first multiplexing integrated circuit further comprises a phase detector that receives a first input from a loop timing circuit and a second input from one of the plurality of inputs.

13. (Original) The multistage bit stream multiplexer of claim 1, wherein the first multiplexing integrated circuit comprises integrated circuits formed on a silicon substrate and the second multiplexing integrated circuit comprises a substrate selected from the group consisting of InP, SiGe, GaN, GaAs, and Si.

1 14. (Previously Presented) An upstream multiplexing integrated circuit within a multi-stage bit  
2 stream multiplexer that operates with a switchable forward/reverse lock relationship with a downstream  
3 multiplexing integrated circuit, comprising:

4 a plurality of input ports operable to receive a first plurality of bit streams at a first bit rate;

5 a plurality of output ports to output a second plurality of bit streams at a second bit rate, wherein  
6 the first plurality of bit streams is greater in number than the second plurality of bit streams are in number,  
7 and wherein the first bit rate is less than the second bit rate; and

8 a clock circuit that generates a forward transmit clock signal for use by the upstream multiplexing  
9 integrated circuit in producing the second plurality of bit streams based upon a reference clock signal  
10 selectable from a plurality of inputs, wherein said inputs include a reverse transmit clock generated by the  
11 downstream integrated circuit.

1 15. (Original) The upstream multiplexing integrated circuit of claim 14, wherein the first plurality of  
2 bit streams are received from a communication Application Specific Integrated Circuit (ASIC) from  
3 which the first multiplexing integrated circuit receives the first plurality of bit streams, and wherein the  
4 downstream multiplexing integrated circuit outputs at least one high-speed bit stream to a media interface  
5 that produces a media output.

1 16. (Original) The upstream multiplexing integrated circuit of claim 14, wherein the plurality of  
2 inputs further comprises an external oscillator output.

1 17. (Original) The upstream multiplexing integrated circuit of claim 14, wherein the plurality of  
2 inputs further comprises a voltage-controlled oscillator.

1 18. (Original) The upstream multiplexing integrated circuit of claim 14, wherein the reference clock  
2 signal is selected based upon a clock selector input.

1 19. (Previously Presented) The upstream multiplexing integrated circuit of claim 14, further  
2 comprising a phase locked loop (PLL) that receives the reference clock signal and produces a PLL Data  
3 Clock having a frequency equal to the second bit rate, wherein a plurality of latches receive the PLL Data  
4 Clock, latch data multiplexed from the first bit streams and produce the plurality of second bit streams.

1 20. (Original) The upstream multiplexing integrated circuit of claim 19, wherein the frequency of the  
2 PLL Data Clock comprises 16 times the frequency of the reference clock.

1 21. (Original) The upstream multiplexing integrated circuit of claim 19, further comprising a division  
2 circuit that receives the PLL Data Clock and generates an output used to produce the forward transmit  
3 clock.

1 22. (Original) The upstream multiplexing integrated circuit of claim 14, wherein the forward transmit  
2 clock is a source centered double data rate clock with respect to the second plurality of bit streams.

1 23. (Previously Presented) The upstream multiplexing integrated circuit of claim 19, wherein the PLL  
2 outputs to the upstream multiplexing integrated circuit, a lock detect signal that remains active while the  
3 PLL is locked to the reference clock signal and becomes inactive when the PLL is not locked to the  
4 reference clock signal, and wherein the downstream multiplexing integrated circuit selects the reverse  
5 clock through a clock selector input when the PLL is not locked to the reference clock.

1 24. (Original) The upstream multiplexing integrated circuit of claim 14, wherein the reverse clock is  
2 based on an external oscillator reference clock.

1 25. (Original) The upstream multiplexing integrated circuit of claim 19, further comprising a phase  
2 detector that receives a first input from a loop clock and a second input from the voltage controlled  
3 oscillator.

1 26. (Previously Presented) The upstream multiplexing integrated circuit of claim 14, further  
2 comprising a Si substrate, and wherein the downstream multiplexing integrated circuit comprises a  
3 substrate selected from the group consisting of InP, SiGe, GaN, GaAs, and Si and wherein the second  
4 multiplexing integrated circuit comprises integrated circuits formed on a Si substrate.

1 27. (Previously Presented) A method of multiplexing a first plurality of bit streams to at least one  
2 high-speed bit stream with a multistage multiplexer, comprising:  
3 receiving the first plurality of bit streams at a first stage multiplexing integrated circuit at a first  
4 bit rate;  
5 multiplexing the first plurality of bit streams into a second plurality of bit streams at a second bit  
6 rate, wherein the second bit rate exceeds the first bit rate;  
7 receiving the second plurality of bit streams at a second stage multiplexing integrated circuit at a  
8 second bit rate, wherein the second plurality of bit streams are fewer in number than the first plurality of  
9 bit streams is in number;  
10 multiplexing the second plurality of bit streams into the at least one high-speed bit stream having  
11 a line bit rate that exceeds the second bit rate; and  
12 generating a forward transmit clock from a reference clock signal selectable from a plurality of  
13 inputs, wherein the plurality of inputs include a reverse transmit clock generated by the second stage  
14 multiplexing integrated circuit.

1 28. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 27 wherein further comprising producing a lock  
2 detect signal to indicate when a PLL is locked to the reference clock signal, wherein a reverse transmit  
3 clock is selected as the reference clock signal when the PLL is not locked to the reference clock.

1 29. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 27, wherein the first plurality of bit streams are  
2 received from a communication Application Specific Integrated Circuit (ASIC), and wherein the second  
3 stage multiplexing integrated circuit outputs the at least one high speed bit stream to a media interface  
4 that produces a media output.

1 30. (Original) The method of claim 27, wherein the plurality of inputs comprises an external  
2 oscillator output.

1 31. (Original) The method of claim 27, wherein the plurality of inputs further comprises a voltage-  
2 controlled oscillator.

1 32. (Original) The method of claim 27, further comprising the step of selecting the reference clock  
2 signal with a clock selector.

1 33. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 27, further comprises receiving the reference clock  
2 signal and producing a PLL Data Clock having a frequency equal to the second bit rate with a PLL,  
3 wherein a plurality of latches receive the PLL Data Clock, latch multiplexed data from the first bit  
4 streams and produce the plurality of second bit streams.

1 34. (Original) The method of claim 33, wherein the frequency of PLL. Data Clock is 16 times the  
2 frequency of the reference clock signal.

1 35. (Original) The method of claim 33, further comprising a division circuit that receives the PLL  
2 Data Clock and generates an output used to produce the forward transmit clock.

1 36. (Original) The method of claim 33, wherein the forward transmit clock is a source centered  
2 double data rate clock with respect to the second plurality of bit streams.

1 37. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 33, further comprises:  
2 generating a lock detect signal that remains active while the PLL is locked to the reference clock  
3 signal and becomes inactive when the PLL is not locked to the reference clock signal; and  
4 selecting the reverse clock as the reference clock signal through a clock selector when the PLL is  
5 not locked to the reference clock signal.

1 38. (Original) The method of claim 27, wherein the reverse clock is based on an external oscillator  
2 reference clock.

1 39. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 33, further comprises a phase detector that receives a  
2 first input from a loop clock and a second input from the voltage controlled oscillator.

1 40. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 33, further comprises a Si substrate, and wherein the  
2 downstream multiplexing integrated circuit includes a substrate selected from the group consisting of InP,  
3 SiGe, GaN, GaAs, and Si and wherein the second multiplexing integrated circuit comprises integrated  
4 circuits formed on a Si substrate.

- 1 41. (Previously Presented) A method of multiplexing a first plurality of bit streams to at least one  
2 high-speed bit stream with a multistage multiplexer, comprises:  
3 receiving the first plurality of bit streams at a first stage multiplexing integrated circuit at a first  
4 bit rate;  
5 multiplexing the first plurality of bit streams into a second plurality of bit streams at a second bit  
6 rate;  
7 receiving the second plurality of bit streams at a second stage multiplexing integrated circuit at a  
8 second bit rate, wherein the second plurality of bit streams are fewer in number than the first plurality of  
9 bit streams are in number, and wherein the first bit rate is less than the second bit rate;  
10 multiplexing the second plurality of bit streams into the at least one high-speed bit streams at a  
11 line bit rate that exceeds the second bit rate; and  
12 generating a forward transmit clock from a reference clock signal selectable from a plurality of  
13 inputs, wherein the plurality of inputs include a reverse transmit clock generated by the second stage  
14 multiplexing integrated circuit.
- 1 42. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 25 wherein further comprises producing a lock  
2 detect signal to indicate when a PLL is locked to the reference clock signal, wherein a reverse transmit  
3 clock is selected as the reference clock signal when the PLL is not locked to the reference clock.